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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/615,130	07/08/2003		Dennis R. Zander	87054.000006	8068
23387	7590	09/30/2004		EXAMINER	
Stephen B.			MCCARRY JR, ROBERT J		
Harter, Secrest & Emery LLP 1600 Bausch & Lomb Place ART UNIT PAI					PAPER NUMBER
Rochester, NY 14604-2711				3617	
				DATE MAILED: 09/30/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
	10/615,130	ZANDER, DENNIS R.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Robert J. McCarry, Jr.	3617	(\mathcal{L})					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence addres	§					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply b ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS te, cause the application to become ABAND	be timely filed days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this commun ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.					
Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21.	<u>June 2004</u> .							
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	is action is non-final.							
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11	, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16 and 20-30</u> is/are pending in the	e application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.							
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>10-16</u> is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 20-30</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.							
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	-,,		404(4)					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			• •					
	examiner. Note the attached Of		,_ ,					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			•					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 	nts have been received.	,,,,,						
3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the price	•	eived in this National Stag	е					
application from the International Burea								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not rec	eived.						
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sumn	nary (PTO-413)						
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Ma							
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/17/03</u>. 	6) Other:	іш і аквік Арріксацоп (г і О-192)						

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DETAILED ACTION

The Terminal Disclaimer in response to claims 2-9 and 12-16 has been received and approved. The Statutory Double Patenting rejection has been removed since the previous patent discloses the feature of a "signal light" while the instant application recites only a "signal"

Claim Objections

Claims 1-16 and 20-30 are presently pending in the application. The present claim set does not include claims 17, 18 or 19. The Examiner has reviewed claim 1-16 and 20-30 and will renumber the claims upon allowance.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1, 10, 11 and 20-30 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 8-19 of U.S. Patent No. 6,600,429. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application and prior patent both

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disclose a controller connected to a train proximity sensor. The application recites the use of a red signal and a green signal. The prior patent discloses the use of a red signal light and a green signal light. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to understand that red and green signal lights are types of signals from the broader are of signals recited in the instant claims. The Examiner has also interpreted the terms in the instant application to be interchangeable with the terms of the prior patent. Claim 1 of the application recites that the controller "activates" the signal light while claim 1 of the prior patent show the controller "turning on" the signal light. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that these terms are one in the same.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lane et al (US 6,025,789).

Lane et al discloses a model train sensor and signal comprised of a UHF receiver 10, which detects a remote signal from a train and determines the proximity of the train. The receiver sends the signal to a microcontroller 30, which monitors the time of the signal, received by the train and then activates a visual and audible signal. When a signal is transmitted it is in the form of a yellow signal 44 showing that a signal is being received and monitored for a predetermined length of time set by the microcontroller 30.

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When the predetermined time is met the microcontroller interprets a train is in the controlled path and lights a red signal 48, which shows other trains in the system to stop. When the microcontroller determines the train has passed the red signal is deactivated and a green signal 52 is then activated, showing other trains in the system that it is safe to precede. The flowchart of figure 2 shows the step by step functioning of the system.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3, 6-9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jenks (US 3,163,125).

Lane et al discloses a proximity detector and signaling system as described above. However, Lane et al does not disclose the use of a semaphore as a type of signal. Jenks discloses a semaphore arm 11 having red, yellow and green filters mounted on opening 13, 14 and 15 respectively and pass over a light when the arm of the semaphore moves. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used a semaphore as a type of signal to show that a part of the train system is empty and safe for a vehicle to proceed or to show that the system is full and stop the vehicle.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

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Bonanno (US 2,925,584).

Lane et al discloses a proximity detector and signaling system as described above. However, Lane et al does not disclose the use of a swinging banjo as a type of signal for the vehicles. Bonanno discloses a swinging banjo signal to signal for trains to precede or stop at a certain point on a train system. When a train passes and energizes the circuit of the banjo signal the signal will swing to show that it is unsafe for another train to proceed. When there is no train to energize the circuit the banjo will sit stationary to show that it is safe to proceed through the system. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use a swinging banjo as a type of signal for trains to convey a stop signal or a proceed signal.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-16 and 20-30 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 10-16 are allowed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert J. McCarry, Jr. whose telephone number is (703) 305-0581. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:00am to 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, S. Joseph Morano can be reached on (703) 308-0230. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-

872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

RJM

August 23, 2004

8/23/04